# **HOLLINS GRUNDY PRIMARY SCHOOL**

## Happiness, Health and Respect for Confident, Creative Learners

#### **Assessment Criteria In Music**

		Listen with increased attention to sounds.
	3 and 4 Year Olds	Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings.
	3 and 4 real Glas	Remember and sing entire songs.
		Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match').
		Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.
NOIL		Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know.
RECEPTION		Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.
_		Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.
	Children in Reception	Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups
		Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs;
	Early Learning Goal	Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and – when appropriate – try to move in time with music.

#### Year 1

		Autumn 1	How Can We Make Friends When We Sing Together?	Spring 1	How Does Music Make The World A Better Place?	Summer 1	What Songs Can We Sing To Help Us Through The Day?
Un	its	Autumn 2		Spring 2	How Does Music Help Us To Understand Our Neighbours?		J ,
			Otories About The Fast:		Onderstand Our Neighbodis:		Looking Arter Our Flanet:

Musicianship	Listening	Singing	Notation
Using body percussion, instruments and voices	Move and dance with the music	Demonstrate good singing posture	Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, long and short
In the key centres of: C major, F major,	Find the steady beat	Sing songs from memory	sounds, symbols, and any appropriate means of notation.
G major, A minor	Talk about feelings created by the	Copy back intervals of an octave	
Find and keep a steady beat	music/song	and fifth (high, low)	Standard notation using crotchets, quavers and minims, and simple
Copy back simple rhythmic patterns	Recognise some band and orchestral instruments	Sing in unison	combinations of:
using long and short	Describe tempo as fast or slow		CDEFG
Copy back simple melodic patterns	·		FGA
using high and low	Describe dynamics as loud and quiet		D E F# G A
	Join in sections of the song eg. chorus		
	Begin to understand where the music fits in the world		
	Begin to understand about different styles of music		

Playing Instruments	Playing the Recorder	Creating: Improvising	Creating: Composing	Performing
Rehearse and learn to play		Explore improvisation within	Create a simple melody	Enjoy and have fun
a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or		a major scale using the notes	using crotchets and minims: C D	performing
from simple notation in			CDE	Choose a song/songs to
C major,		C D E and	CDEF CDEFG	perform to a well-known audience
F major and		FGA	Start and ending on the note	Prepare a song to perform
ŕ			С	
D major			F G F G A	Communicate the meaning of the song
			FGAC	J
			F G A C D Start and ending on the note	Add actions to the song
			F	Play some simple
				instrumental parts

Step	b	W	S	S+
Total Statements = 35	40%	80%	90%	95%
No. of statements required	14	28	32	33

#### Year 2

	Autumn 1	How Does Music Help Us	Spring 1	How Does Music Make The	Summer 1	How Does Music Make Us Happy?
Heito		To Make Friends?		World A Better Place?		
Units	Autumn 2	How Does Music Teach Us About The Past?	Spring 2	How Does Music Teach Us About Our Neighbourhood?	Summer 2	How Does Music Teach Us About Looking After Our Planet?

Musicianship	Listening	Singing	Notation
Using body percussion, instruments and voices In the key centres of: C major, G major, A minor Find and keep a steady beat Copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low	Listening  Move and dance with the music confidently  Talk about how the song makes you feel  Find different steady beats  Describe tempo as fast or slow  Describe dynamics as loud and quiet  Join in sections of the song eg. call and response  Start to talk about the style of a song  Recognise some band and orchestral instruments  Start to talk about where music might fit into the world	Sing as part of a choir  Demonstrate good singing posture  Sing songs from memory and/or from notation  Sing to communicate the meaning of the words  Sing in unison and sometimes in parts  Understand and follow the leader or conductor  Add actions to a song Move confidently to a steady beat  Talk about feelings created by the music/song  Recognise some band and orchestral instruments  Describe tempo as fast or slow	Notation  Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, long and short sounds, symbols, and any appropriate means of notation.  Standard notation using crotchets, quavers, minims and semibreves, and simple combinations of:  C D E F G A B  G A B D E F♯  F G A B♭ C D E  Identify hand signals as notation and recognise music notation on a stave of five lines
		Join in sections of the song eg. chorus	
		Begin to understand where the music fits in the world	
		Begin to talk about and understand the style of the music	

Playing Instruments	Playing the Recorder	Creating: Improvising	Creating: Composing	Performing
Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation in C major, F major and G major	Rehearse and learn a simple instrumental part by ear or from notation using the notes G A B Bb C E and F	Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes C D E, C G A, G A B and F G A	Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims: C D C D E C D E F C D E F G Start and ending on the note C (C major)  G A G A B G A B D G A B D E Start and ending on the note G (Pentatonic on G)  F G F G A F G A C F G A C D Start and ending on the note F (Pentatonic on F)	Practise, rehearse and share a song that has been learned in the lesson, from memory or with notation and with confidence  Decide on any actions, instrumental parts/improvisatory ideas/composed passages to be practised and included in the performance  Talk about what the song means and why it was chosen to share  Talk about the difference between rehearsing a song and performing it

Step	b	W	S	S+
Total Statements = 41	40%	80%	90%	95%
No. of statements required	16	32	36	38

### Year 3

l loite	Autumn 1	How Does Music Bring Us Close Together?	Spring 1	How Does Music Help To Make The World A Better	Summer 1	How Does Music Make A Difference To Us Every day?
Units				Place?		
	Autumn 2	- What Stories Does Music	Spring 2	- How Does Music Help Us	Summer 2	- How Does Music Connect Us With
		Tell Us About The Past?	- F	To Get To Know Our		Our Planet?
				Community?		

Musicianship	Listening	Singing	Notation
Using body percussion, instruments	Share your thoughts and feelings	Sing as part of a choir	Explore ways of representing high
and voices In the key centres of:	about the music together		and low sounds, long and short
		Demonstrate good singing posture	sounds, symbols, and any
C major, F major, G major, A minor	Find the beat or groove of the	Sing weit consoling to the second	appropriate means of notation.
In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4	music	Sing unit songs from memory and/or from notation	Standard notation using dotted
in the time signatures of. 2/4, 3/4, 4/4	Invent different actions to move in	and/or from notation	crotchets, crotchets, semiquavers,
Find and keep a steady beat	time with the music	Sing with awareness of following	quavers, minims and semibreves,
, ,		the beat	and simple combinations of: C D E F
Copy back and improvise simple	Talk about what the song means		G A B F G A B♭ C G A B C D E E F♯ G♯
rhythmic patterns using minims,		Sing with attention to clear diction	АВ
crotchets, quavers and their rests	Identify some instruments you can	Since a second of the street o	
Copy back and improvise simple	hear playing	Sing expressively, with attention to the meaning of the words	Reading and responding to minims,
melodic patterns using the notes CDE,	Identify if it's a male or female	the meaning of the words	crotchets, and quavers
GAB, FGA, ABC	voice	Sing in unison	Identifying: Stave Treble clef Time
			signature
	Talk about the style of the songs	Understand and follow the leader	
		or conductor	
		Copy back simple melodic phrases	
		using the voice	
		doing the voice	

Playing Instruments	Playing the Recorder	Creating: Improvising	Creating: Composing	Performing
Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation in C major, F major, G major, E major	Rehearse and learn a simple instrumental part by ear or from notation using the notes C D E F F# G G# A B and Bb	Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes C D E, C D E G A, G A B, G A B D E, F G A	Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims: C D C D E C D E G C D E G A Start and ending on the note C (Pentatonic on C)  C D E C D E F C D E F C D E F C D E F C D E F G Start and ending on the note C (C major)  F G F G A F G A B F G A B F G A B C Start and ending on the note F (F major)  G A G A B G A B C G A B C D Start and ending on the note G (G major)	Practise, rehearse and share a song that has been learned in the lesson, from memory, or with notation and with confidence  Include any actions, instrumental parts/improvisatory ideas/composed passages within the rehearsal and in the performance  Talk about what the song means and why it was chosen to share  Reflect on feelings about sharing and performing eg. excitement, nerves, enjoyment

Step	b	W	S	S+
Total Statements = 37	40%	80%	90%	95%
No. of statements required	14	28	32	34

	Autumn 1	How Does Music Bring Us	Spring 1	How Does Music Make The	Summer 1	How Does Music Shape Our Way Of
Units		Together?		World A Better Place?		Life?
	Autumn 2	How Does Music Connect	Spring 2	How Does Music Teach Us	Summer 2	How Does Music Connect Us With
		Us With The Past?		About Our Community?		The Environment?

Musisianship	Listoning	Cinaina	Notation
Musicianship	Listening	Singing	Notation
Using body percussion, instruments and voices In the key centres of:	Talk about the words of a song  Think about why the song was written  Find and demonstrate the steady beat	Rehearse and learn songs from memory and/or with notation.  Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4	Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, long and short sounds, symbols, and any appropriate means of notation
C major, F major, G major, A minor  In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4	Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre Identify the tempo as fast, slow, or steady Recognise the style of music you are listening to	Sing as part of a choir with awareness of size: the larger, the thicker and richer the musical texture	Standard notation using dotted crotchets, crotchets, semiquavers, quavers and minims, and simple combinations
Find and keep a steady beat  Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets,	Discuss the structures of songs  Identify: Call and response A solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble A change in texture Articulation on certain words Programme	Demonstrate good singing posture  Demonstrate vowel, blended sounds, and consonants	of: CDEFGAB FGAB♭C GABCDEF♯ DEF♯GABC
quavers and their rests by ear or from notation	music  Explain what a main theme is and identify when it is repeated	Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'	Reading and responding to minims, crotchets, and quavers
Copy back melodic patterns using the notes CDE, CDEGA, GAB, GABDE, FGA, ABC	Know and understand what a musical introduction is and its purpose Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music	Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing	Identifying: Stave Treble clef Time signature
	Identify major and minor tonality	Sing expressively, with attention to staccato and legato	
	Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear and from notation  Describe legato and staccato	Talk about the different styles of singing used for different styles of song	
	Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: Disco, Funk, Hip Hop, Calypso, Folk, Mariachi, Gospel, Klezmer, Pop, Rock, Sea Shanty, Salsa, Reggae	Talk about how the songs and their styles connect to the world	

Playing Instruments	Playing the Recorder	Creating: Improvising	Creating: Composing	Performing
Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation in C major, F major, G major, D major	Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, D major by ear or from notation	Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes CDE, CDEGA, CDEGA, DEFGAB, DEFGA	Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims: C D C D E C D E G C D E G C D E G A Start and ending on the note C (Pentatonic on C)  C D E C D E F C D E F G Start and ending on the note C (C major)  D E D E F D E F G D E F G D E F G A Start and ending on the note D (D minor)  G A G A B G A B D G A B D E Start and ending on the note G (G major)	Rehearse and enjoy the opportunity to share what has been learned in the lessons  Perform, with confidence, a song from memory or using notation Include instrumental parts/improvisatory sections/composed passages within the rehearsal and performance  Explain why the song was chosen, including its composer and the historical and the cultural context of the song  Communicate the meaning of the words and articulate them clearly Use the structure of the song to communicate its mood and meaning in the performance  Talk about what the rehearsal and performance has taught the student  Understand how the individual fits within the larger group ensemble  Reflect on the performance and how well it suited the occasion  Discuss and respond to any feedback, consider how future performances might be different

Step	b	W	S	S+
Total Statements = 49	40%	80%	90%	95%
No. of statements required	20	40	45	47

	Autumn 1	How Does Music Bring Us	Spring 1	How Does Music Make The	Summer 1	How Does Music Shape Our Way Of
Units		Together?		World A Better Place?		Life?
Omico	Autumn 2	How Does Music Connect	Spring 2	How Does Music Teach Us	Summer 2	How Does Music Connect Us With
		Us With The Past?		About Our Community?		The Environment?

Musicianship	Listening	Singing	Notation
Using body percussion, instruments and voices In the key centres of: C major, D major, F major, A minor  In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4, 6/8  Find and keep a steady beat  Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of dotted minims, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests by ear or from notation  Copy back melodic patterns using the notes CDE, DEF#GA, DEF#GABC#, ABCDEFG#, FGABbCDE	Justify a personal opinion with reference to musical concepts  Find and demonstrate the steady beat Identify 2/4, 3/4, 6/8 and 5/4 metre  Identify the musical style of a song Identify instruments by ear and through a range of media  Discuss the structure of the music with reference to verse, chorus, bridge, call and response, repeat signs, chorus and final chorus, improvisation, call and response, and AB  Explain a bridge passage and its position in a song  Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music Identify major and minor tonality  Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic and blues scales by ear and from notation  Explain the role of a main theme in musical structure  Know and understand what a musical introduction is and its purpose  Explain rapping  Recognise the following styles and any key musical features that distinguish the style: Folk, Pop, Gospel, Klezmer, Sea Shanty, Funk and Musicals	Rehearse and learn songs from memory and/or with notation  Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4 and 6/8 time  Sing in unison and as part of a smaller group Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'  Sing a second part in a song  Self-correct if lost or out of time  Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing  Sing expressively, with attention to dynamics and articulation  Develop confidence as a soloist  Talk about the different styles of singing used for different styles of song  Talk confidently about how connected you feel to the music and how it connects in the world Respond to a leader or conductor	Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, long and short sounds, symbols, and any appropriate means of notation.  Standard notation using dotted crotchets, crotchets, semiquavers, quavers and minims, and simple combinations of: C D E F G A B F G A B b C D E G A B C D E F # Ab Bb C Db Eb F G G G # A Bb C D E F G A B C  Identifying: Stave Treble clef Time signature  Reading and responding to minims, crotchets, quavers, dotted quavers, and semiquavers  Recognising how notes are grouped when notated  Identifying the stave and symbols on the stave such as the treble clef, the name of the notes on lines and in spaces, bar lines, a flat sign and a sharp sign

Playing Instruments	Playing the Recorder	Creating: Improvising	Creating: Composing	Performing
Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation in C major, F major, G major, Ab major, D minor	Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, Ab major, D minor by ear or from notation	Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes C D E F G, C D E F G, C D E G A, F G A B B C, D E F G A	Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims: C D C D E C D E G C D E G A Start and ending on the note C (Pentatonic on C)  F G F G A F G A Bb F G A Bb C Start and ending on the note F (Pentatonic on F)  G A G A B G A B C G A B C D Start and ending on the note G (G major)  G A G A B G A B D G A B D E Start and ending on the note G (Pentatonic on G)  D E D E F D E F G D E F G S A Start and ending on the note D (D minor)	Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific purpose, for a friendly but unknown audience  Perform from memory or with notation, with confidence and accuracy  Include instrumental parts/improvisatory sections/composed passages within the rehearsal and performance  Explain why the song was chosen, including its composer and the historical and the cultural context of the song  A student leads part of the rehearsal and part of the performance  Record the performance and compare it to a previous performance.  Explain how well the performance communicated the mood of each piece  Discuss and talk musically about the strengths and weaknesses of a performance  Collect feedback from the audience and reflect how future performances might be different

Step	b	W	S	S+
Total Statements = 50	40%	80%	90%	95%
No. of statements required	20	40	45	48

	Autumn 1	How Does Music Bring Us	Spring 1	How Does Music Make The	Summer 1	How Does Music Shape Our Way Of
Units		Together?		World A Better Place?		Life?
Omico	Autumn 2	How Does Music Connect	Spring 2	How Does Music Teach Us	Summer 2	How Does Music Connect Us With
		Us With The Past?		About Our Community?		The Environment?

Using body percussion, instruments and voices In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major, D minor In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8 Find and keep a steady beat Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, and their rests by ear or from notation  Copy back melodic patterns using the notes DEFGA, CDEFGAB, FGABbCDE,  Talk about feelings created by the song Justify a personal opinion with reference to musical concepts  Talk about feelings created by the song Justify a personal opinion with reference to musical concepts  Talk about feelings created by the song Justify a personal opinion with reference to musical concepts  Identify 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 6/8 and 5/4 Identify the musical style of a song using some musical vocabulary to discuss its musical concepts  Identify the following instruments by ear and through a range of media: bass, electric guitar, percussion, sections of the orchestra such as brass, woodwind and strings, steel pans, congas, pianos, synthesizers and vocal techniques such
voices In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major, D major, A minor, D minor  In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8 Find and keep a steady beat  Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers, and their rests by ear or from notation  Copy back melodic patterns using the  Copy back melodic patterns using the  Justify a personal opinion with reference to musical concepts  Justify a personal opinion with reference to musical concepts  Justify a personal opinion with reference to musical concepts  Justify a personal opinion with reference to musical concepts  Justify a personal opinion with reference to musical concepts  Justify a personal opinion with reference to musical concepts  Sing in 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 5/4 and 6/8  Sing with and without an accompaniment  Sing with and without an accompaniment  Sing syncopated melodic patterns  Sing syncopated melodic patterns  Sing syncopated melodic patterns  of:  C D E F G A B  F G A B  C D E  G A B  C D E  G A B  C D E  G A B  C D E  G A B  C D E  Sing expressible to with notation  Sing in 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 5/4 and 6/8  Sing with and without an accompaniment  Sing with and without an accompaniment  Sing syncopated melodic patterns  of:  C D E F G A B  G A B  C D E  G A B  C D E  G A B  C D E  Sing expressible to with attention to a symbols, and any appropriate notation.  Sing in 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 5/4 and 6/8  S
as cackles  Discuss the structure of the music with reference to verse, chorus, bridge and an instrumental break  Explain a bridge passage and its position in a song  Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music Identify major and minor tonality, triads I, IV and V, and intervals within a major scale  Explain the role of a main theme in musical structure  Know and understand what a musical introduction and outro is and its purpose  Identify the sound of a Gospel choir  breathing and phrasing  Sing expressively, with attention to dynamics and articulation  Lead a singing rehearsal  Lead a singing rehearsal  Talk about the different styles of singing used for the different styles of songs sung in this year  Discuss with others how connected you are to the music and songs, and how the songs and styles are connected to the world  Reading and responding to min crotchets, quavers, dotted quavisemiquavers  Recognising how notes are grow when notated Identifying the stave and symbols stave such as the treble clef, the of the notes on lines and in spanines, a flat sign and a sharp signature

Playing Instruments	Playing the Recorder	Creating: Improvising	Creating: Composing	Performing
Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, D major, E major, A major, E major, D minor, F minor by ear or from notation	Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, D major, E major, D minor, F minor by ear or from notation	Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes C D E F G, G A B b C D, G A B C D, F G A C D	Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims: C D C D E C D E F C D E F G Start and ending on the note C (C major)  G A G A B G A B D G A B D E Start and ending on the note G (Pentatonic on G)  D E D E F D E F G D E F G A Start and ending on the note D (D minor)  F G F G A C F G A C F G A C F G A C F G A C F G A C F G A C F G A C F G A C F G A C F G A C Start and ending on the note F (Pentatonic on F)  F G F G A F G A B F G A F G	Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific event, for an unknown audience  Create, rehearse, and present a holistic performance with detailed understanding of the musical, cultural and historical contexts  Perform from memory or with notation  Understand the value of choreographing any aspect of a performance  A student or a group of students rehearse and lead parts of the performance  Understand the importance of the performing space and how to use it  Record the performance and compare it to a previous performance  Collect feedback from the audience and reflect how the audience and reflect how the audience believed in the performance  Discuss how the performance might change if it was repeated in a larger/smaller performance space

Step	b	W	S	S+
Total Statements = 45	40%	80%	90%	95%
No. of statements required	18	36	41	43