HOLLINS GRUNDY PRIMARY SCHOOL

Happiness, Health and Respect for Confident, Creative Learners

Curriculum Intent Grid – Sex & Relationships Education

Reception

	3 and 4 Year Olds	Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or friend, using words as well as actions. Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns. Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community. Help to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'. Understand gradually how others might be feeling. Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history. Show interest in different occupations. Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people.
NO		Know that there are different countries in the world
RECEPTION	Children in Reception	See themselves as a valuable individual. Build constructive and respectful relationships. Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others. Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally. Think about the perspectives of others. Talk about members of their immediate family and community. Name and describe people who are familiar to them. Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways.
	Early Learning Goal	

Year 1

Families and friendships	Safe relationships	Respecting ourselves and others	Belonging to a community	Media literacy and digital resilience	Money and work
about people who care for them, e.g. parents, siblings, grandparents, relatives, friends, teachers the role these different people play in children's lives and how they care for them what it means to be a family and how families are different, e.g. single parents, same-sex parents, etc. about the importance of telling someone — and how to tell them — if they are worried about something in their family	about situations when someone's body or feelings might be hurt and whom to go to for help about what it means to keep something private, including parts of the body that are private to identify different types of touch and how they make people feel how to respond if being touched makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe when it is important to ask for permission to touch others how to ask for and give/not give permission	what kind and unkind behaviour mean in and out school how kind and unkind behaviour can make people feel about what respect means about class rules, being polite to others, sharing and taking turns	about examples of rules in different situations, e.g. class rules, rules at home, rules outside that different people have different needs how we care for people, animals and other living things in different ways how they can look after the environment, e.g. recycling	how and why people use the internet the benefits of using the internet and digital devices how people find things out and communicate safely with others online	that everyone has different strengths, in and out of school about how different strengths and interests are needed to do different jobs about people whose job it is to help us in the community about different jobs and the work people do

Step	b	W	S	S+
Total Statements = 23	40%	80%	90%	95%
No. of statements required	10	20	21	22

Families and friendships	Safe relationships	Respecting ourselves and others	Belonging to a community	Media literacy and digital resilience	Money and work
how to be a good friend, e.g. kindness, listening, honesty about different ways that people meet and make friends strategies for positive play with friends, e.g. joining in, including others, etc. about what causes arguments between friends how to positively resolve arguments between friends how to recognise, and ask for help, when they are feeling lonely or unhappy or to help someone else	how to recognise hurtful behaviour, including online what to do and whom to tell if they see or experience hurtful behaviour, including online about what bullying is and different types of bullying and how someone may feel if they are being bullied about the difference between happy surprises and secrets that make them feel uncomfortable or worried, and how to get help how to resist pressure to do something that feels uncomfortable or unsafe how to ask for help if they feel unsafe or worried and what vocabulary to use	about the things they have in common with their friends, classmates , and other people how friends can have both similarities and differences how to play and work cooperatively in different groups and situations how to share their ideas and listen to others, take part in discussions, and give reasons for their views	about being a part of different groups, and the role they play in these groups e.g. class, teams, faith groups about different rights and responsibilities that they have in school and the wider community about how a community can help people from different groups to feel included to recognise that they are all equal, and ways in which they are the same and different to others in their community	the ways in which people can access the internet e.g. phones, tablets, computers to recognise the purpose and value of the internet in everyday life to recognise that some content on the internet is factual and some is for entertainm ent e.g. news, games, videos that information online might not always be true	about what money is and its different forms e.g. coins, notes, and ways of paying for things e.g. debit cards, electronic payments how money can be kept and looked after about getting, keeping and spending money that people are paid money for the job they do how to recognise the difference between needs and wants how people make choices about spending money, including thinking about needs and wants

Step	b	W	S	S+
Total Statements = 30	40%	80%	90%	95%
No. of statements required	12	24	27	28

Families and friendships	Safe relatic	onships	Respect ourselv and othe	es	Belonging to a community	Media literacy and digital resilience	Money and work
to recognise and respect that there are different types of families, inc single parents, same-sex parents, step- parents, blended families, foster and adoptive that being part of a family provides love, support, stability about the positive aspects of being part of a family, such as spending time together and caring for each other about the different ways that people can care for each other e.g. giving encouragement or support in times of difficulty to identify if/when something in a family might make someone upset or worried what to do and whom to tell if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe	What is appropria share with friends classmates, fami wider social grou including online about what priva- personal bounda including online basic strategies t keep themselves online e.g. passw using trusted site adult supervision that bullying and behaviour is una- in any situation about the effects consequences of for the people inv about bullying on the similarities ar differences to fac bullying what to do and w if they see or exp bullying or hurtfu	s, ly and ps cy and ries are, o help safe vords, s and hurtful cceptable and bullying volved line, and id ce-to-face hom to tell perience	to recognise respectful behaviours of helping or including oth being responsible how to mode respectful behaviour in different situ e.g. at home school, onlir the importar self-respect their right to treated resp by others what it mean treat others, be treated, p the ways in people show respect and courtesy in different cult and in wider society	e.g. hers, el nuations e, at ne nce of and be vectfully ns to , and politely which v	the reasons for rules and laws in wider society the importance of abiding by the law and what might happen if rules and laws are broken what human rights are and how they protect people to identify basic examples of human rights including the rights of children about how they have rights and also responsibilities that with every right there is also a responsibility e.g. the right to an education and the responsibility to learn	how the internet can be used positively for leisure, for school and for work to recognise that images and information online can be altered or adapted and the reasons for why this happens strategies to recognise whether something they see online is true or accurate to evaluate whether a game is suitable to play or a website is appropriate for their age-group to make safe, reliable choices from search results how to report something seen or experienced online that concerns them e.g. images or content that worry them, unkind or inappropriate communication	about jobs that people may have from different sectors e.g. teachers, business people, charity work that people can have more than one job at once or over theirlifetime about common myths and gender stereotypes related to work to challenge stereotypes through examples of role models in different fields of work e.g. women in STEM about some of the skills needed to do a job, such as teamwork and decision- making to recognise their interests, skills and achievements and how these might link to future jobs how to set goals that they would like to achieve this year e.g. learn a new hobby
Total Statement	Step Total Statements = 37		b		W	S	S+ 95%
No. of statements required		40% 15		80% 30		<u>90%</u> 34	35

Families and friendships	Safe relations	hips	oursel	ves	Belonging to a community	Media literacy and digital resilience	Money and work
about the features of positive healthy friendships such as mutual respect, trust and sharing interests strategies to build positive friendships how to seek support with relationships if they feel lonely or excluded how to communicate respectfully with friends when using digital devices how knowing someone online differs from knowing someone face to face and that there are risks in communicating with someone they don't know what to do or whom to tell if they are worried about any contact online	to differentiate between teasing, hurtful behaviou bullying, including online how to respond if they w experience hurtful behav bullying, including online recognise the difference 'playful dares' and dares someone under pressur make them feel uncomfo how to manage pressur associated with dares when it is right to keep of confidence or share a so how to recognise risks of as harmful content or co how people may behave online including pretend someone they are not how to report concerns a help if worried or uncom about someone's behav including online	it and it ness or viour or between which put e, at risk, or ortable es r break a ecret nline such ntact differently ng to be	and othersayful andto recognise differences between people such as gender, race, faithness or pur orrace, faithto recognise what they have in common with others e.g. shared values, likes and dislikes, aspirationsbreak a retrespecting the differences and similarities between peopleto recognise what they have in common with others e.g. shared values, likes and dislikes, aspirationsbreak a retrespecting the differences and similarities between peopledifferently g to bea vocabulary to sensitively discuss difference and include everyone		the meaning and benefits of living in a community to recognise that they belong to different communities as well as the school community about the different groups that make up and contribute to a community about the individuals and groups that help the local community, including through volunteering and work how to show compassion towards others in need and the shared responsibilities of caring for them	encourage people to buy things to recognise what online adverts look like	how people make different spending decisions based on their budget, values and needs how to keep track of money and why it is important to know how much is being spent about different ways to pay for things such as cash, cards, e-payment and the reasons for using them that how people spend money can have positive or negative effects on others e.g. charities, single use plastics
	Step		-		W	S	S+
	ements = 33	40%			80%	90%	95%
No. of statements required		1	14		28	30	31

Families and friendships	Safe r	elationships		Respecting urselves and others	Belonging to a community	Media literacy and digital resilience	Money and work
 what makes a healthy friendship and how they make people feel included and strategies to help someone feel included about peer influence and how it can make people feel or behave the impact of the need for peer approval in different situations, including online strategies to manage peer influence and the need for peer approval e.g. exit strategies, assertive communication that it is common for friendships to experience challenges strategies to positively resolve disputes and reconcile differences in friendships that friendships can change over time and the benefits of having new and different types of friends how to recognise if a friendship is making them feel unsafe, worried, or uncomfortable and how to seek support in relation to friendships 	touch is acc unacceptab unwanted in situations how to ask not give pe physical co how it feels mind and b are uncomf that it is ney fault if they experience contact how to resp unwanted c physical co that no one them to kee makes ther uncomforta persuade th secret they about whom to te	ble, wanted or h different for, give and rmission for ntact in a person's ody when they ortable ver someone's have d unacceptable have d unacceptable ntact should ask ep a secret that n feel ble or try to nem to keep a are worried I if they are about unwanted	should i why it is and res a wide n includin tradition lifestyle their ow what dis and diff discrimi sexism, hor to ident and disa groups trolling a impact on indiv wider so ways to discrimi	scrimination means erent types of nation e.g. racism, mophobia ify online bullying crimination of or individuals e.g. and harassment the discrimination has riduals, groups and ociety safely challenge nation	about how resources are allocated and the effect this has on individuals, communities and the environment the importance of protecting the environment and how everyday actions can either support or damage it how to show compassion for the environment, animals and other living things about the way that money is spent and how it affects the environment to express their own opinions about their responsibility towards the environment	to identify different types of media and their different purposes e.g. to entertain, inform, persuade or advertise basic strategies to assess whether content online (e.g. research, news, reviews, blogs) is based on fact, opinion, or is biased that some media and online content promote stereotypes how to assess which search results are more reliable than others to recognise unsafe or suspicious content online how devices store and share information	to identify jobs that they might like to do in the future about the role ambition can play in achieving a future career how or why someone might choose a certain career about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career, including pay, working conditions, personal interests, strengths and qualities, family, values the importance of diversity and inclusion to promote people's career opportunities about stereotyping in the workplace, its impact and how to challenge it that there is a variety of routes into work e.g. college, apprenticeships, university, training
Step		b	W		S		S+
	Total Statements = 39 409			6 80%		90%	95%
No. of statements requ	No. of statements required			32		36	38

Year 6

Families and friendships	Safe re	Safe relationships		becti g elve ind ers	Belonging to a community	Media literacy and digital resilience	Money and work
 what it means to be attracted to someone and different kinds of loving relationships that people who love each other can be of any gender, ethnicity or faith the difference between gender identity and sexual orientation and everyone's right to be loved about the qualities of healthy relationships that help individuals flourish ways in which couples show their love and commitment to one another, including those who are not married or who live apart what marriage and civil partnership mean e.g. a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults that people have the right to choose whom they marry or whether to get married that to force anyone into marriage is illegal how and where to report forced marriage or ask for help if they are worried 	healthy and u friendship about the sha responsibility put under pre- something da something onli how to assess different onlir and 'dares' how to recog respond to po others to do so unsafe or tha feel worried da report concer personal safe online what consent how to seek a	ared if someone is assure to do angerous and bes wrong respond to n friends ne s the risk of ne 'challenges' nise and ressure from something t makes them or e dvice and rns about ety, including	about the between and beha and how positive in model how to d issues respectfu how to lis and resp other poi view how to construc challengu of view th disagree ways to participa effectivel discussio online ar manage or	values aviour to be a role iscuss ully sten to ect nts of tively e points ney with te ly in ons id conflict	what prejudice means to differentiate between prejudice and discrimination how to recognise acts of discrimination strategies to safely respond to and challenge discrimination how to recognise stereotypes in different contexts and the influence they have on attitudes and understanding of different groups how stereotypes are perpetuated and how to challenge this about the benefits of safe internet use e.g. learning, connecting and communicating	how and why images online might be manipulated, altered, or faked how to recognise when images might have been altered why people choose to communicate through social media and some of the risks and challenges of doing so that social media sites have age restrictions and regulations for use the reasons why some media and online content is not appropriate for children how online content can be designed to manipulate people's emotions and encourage them to read or share things about sharing things online, including rules and laws relating to this how to recognise what is appropriate to share online how to report inappropriate online content or contact	about the role that money plays in people's lives, attitudes towards it and what influences decisions about money about value for money and how to judge if something is value for money how companies encourage customers to buy things and why it is important to be a critical consumer how having or not having money can impact on a person's emotions, health and wellbeing about common risks associated with money, including debt, fraud and gambling how money can be gained or lost e.g. stolen, through scams or gambling and how these put people at financial risk how to get help if they are concerned about gambling or other financial risks
Stop		b					
Step Total Statements =	Total Statements = 42		0%		W 80%	S 90%	S+ 95%
No. of statements required		17		34		38	40