# HOLLINS GRUNDY PRIMARY SCHOOL

Happiness, Health and Respect for Confident, Creative Learners

# Hollins Grundy Primary School Science Policy

#### <u>Aims</u>

Through our science curriculum at Hollins Grundy, we aim to teach our children key scientific skills, knowledge and concepts in the following areas:

- Scientific Enquiry
- Life processes of living things
- Physical processes of materials
- Materials and their properties

This focus aims to enable children at Hollins Grundy to build up a body of key foundational knowledge and concepts in these areas which they will build on throughout school. It will allow them to ask, investigate and answer scientific questions through different types of scientific enquiry and seek explanations for concepts and phenomena that occur in the world around them. It will ensure they develop a scientific vocabulary which they will build on throughout school. It will encourage them to understand how science can be used to explain what is occurring, predict how things will behave, and analyse causes. It will help them understand how science has changed our lives and to understand the uses and implications of science, today and for the future on a personal, local, national and global level. Children will also learn about scientists, inventors and individuals who have had a positive impact on the scientific world. This includes people from different cultural, ethnic backgrounds and genders in order to recognise and promote diversity in the scientific world.

## **Teaching and learning**

At Hollins Grundy, our science curriculum is based on each year groups' curriculum intention grid. These grids cover the National Curriculum requirements for science for each year group. Each grid is split into topics which cover the programmes of study specified in the national curriculum for each year group. The grid also contains the scientific enquiry objectives for each year group. Wherever possible, topics have been planned so they build on the learning from previous year groups and that there is progression. Where possible links are made with other subjects.

Each unit is based on a question or learning challenge to stimulate the children's interest. This is broken down into a series of questions which the children work on over one or more lessons. In the majority of units this includes questions which relate directly to scientific enquiry. These may involve observing over time; pattern seeking; identifying, classifying and grouping; comparative and fair testing (controlled investigations); and researching using secondary sources, collecting, analysing and presenting data. The last question allows children to demonstrate their learning through an end of unit application activity. This provides the children with a purpose to their learning as well as providing assessment opportunities.

Children will complete one or two science units a term completing five or 6 units in total. These lessons may be taught weekly or in a block for example every afternoon for a few weeks.

Children complete pre-assessment tasks at the beginning and throughout their science topic to enable staff to assess prior knowledge. We carefully consider each child's starting point and how they learn best to ensure that there are opportunities for children of all abilities, including those with SEND, to develop their scientific skills and knowledge in each unit. Children's work is recorded in their individual science books in Key Stage 1 and 2.

#### <u>Planning</u>

Each year group has a long term plan which specifies when each unit will be covered. Each unit has a medium term plan outlining National Curriculum objectives and learning challenge questions for each topic. Staff then also have a weekly planner where they plan each learning challenge lesson in more detail, including aspects such as: AfL, planned questioning, use of TA, differentiation, enrichment, timings, resources, vocabulary, Kagan strategies, opportunities for discussion & explanation and opportunities for children to reflect on their learning. Where possible staff try to plan for trips, visits or invite visitors to school to enhance children's learning in science work to provide more of a context and engage them more actively in their learning. We also look for opportunities to use our local nature reserve to enhance learning.

#### **Assessment**

Staff assess children in science in a variety of ways such as questioning, discussion with pupils, observation, marking work as a class, as a group or after lessons and planned assessment and application tasks. Staff highlight which statements on the curriculum intention grid children have achieved throughout or at the end of a unit. They then input the data onto target tracker termly. Children will be assessed to be beginning (B), working towards (W) secure (S) or secure plus (S+). The aim is for children to have achieved enough statements to be at least secure by the end of the year or to have made appropriate progress from their starting point. At the end of KS1 and KS2 children are also given a teacher assessment where they will be assessed at working towards or working at the national curriculum for their Key Stage.

## Foundation Stage

Reception currently follow the 2021 Early Years curriculum and Development Matters document. The areas of learning that relate to science are PSED (ELG Understanding Self) and Understanding the World (ELG The Natural World) and Expressive Arts and Design (ELG Creating with Materials) These are taught through topics such as: planting and growing, animals, space, dinosaurs, seasons, healthy choices and life cycles. Topics are planned in consultation with the children and are in line with their interests, so they can vary, but they always focus on the ELG goals. Work is recorded in topic books and the class floor book.

Children are assessed through observations, asking questions, discussion and some marking of work. Staff highlight which statements from Development Matters and which ELG children have achieved on the curriculum intent grid. They input data into target tracker half termly. At the end of the year, children are assessed as emerging or meeting the early learning goals for Understanding Self, Understanding the Natural World and Creating with Materials.

#### The science policy was reviewed in September 2021